The Columbian Mirror and Alexandria Gazette.

ALEXANDRIA—PRINTED, EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY, BY ELLIS PRICE, AT THE EAST END OF THE MARKET-HOUSE

No. 369.] SATURDAY, AUGUST 15, 1795. Vol. III

Sales by Auction.

TUESDAY,

A large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries.

Saturday, August 15.

For Sale.

Will be sold, to the highest bidder, on the second day of September next, the plantation whereon James Fox, sen. now lives, in Loudoun County, on Sugarland Run,

CONTAINING two hundred acres, there are on said plantation a small dwelling house, stables, &c. an apple and peach orchard, and about 30 or 40 acres of excellent meadow ground; there are about 60 or 70 acres of woodland, the rest is cultivated in wheat, corn, &c. This place lies on Sugarland Run, within one and a half mile from Col. Coleman's, 7 miles from from the Great Falls of Potomack, 25 from Alexandria, and 15 from Leesburg. One half the purchase money will be required on the day of sale; a deed with a good right will be given when the last payment is made, which will be in the spring following. Any person inclined to purchase at private sale, will be shewn the premises on application to James Fox. There will be about 40 acres of said place sown in wheat to be sold at the same time, by James Fox or the subscriber. Wm. SCOTT.

August 13, 1795.

Burr Mill Stones,

☞ MADE by *Oliver Evans*, at his Manufactory at old Wind Mill, in Second, between Walnut and Spruce streets Philadelphia—He keeps also for sale, BOLTING CLOTHS for merchant and country work, all which he warrants.

Oliver and *Evan Evans* keep Bolting Cloths for sale at the following places in Virginia, viz. with Messrs. Jenny and Irish, at Alexandria; Samuel and Thomas Vowell, Winchester, &c. August 11.

FOR SALE BY

Thompson and Veitch

OLD Port and Lisbon WINES of a superior quality, in pipes hhds. and quartercasks.

Also, an assortment of DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, &c. at their wholesale warehouse, on Fairfax-street.

Alexandria, August 10, 1795.

N. B. They have yet on hand Hair Matrasses, and a few bales of Sail Cloth.

WILL BE SOLD,

On the 24th of August, if fair, if not, the next fair day, on six and twelve months credit.

3,500 Acres of Land;

THE property of JOHN STROTHER, deceased, lying in Culpepper county, between Chesler's and Thornton's Gap. On this land there are twenty one plantations now under cultivation, and will be in good order for sowing in small grain this fall. The land will be shewn and further particulars made known on the day of sale by JOHN STROTHER, Adm'or.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of *John Strother*, deceased, are requested to bring them in properly authenticated. And all those indebted, are also requested to make immediate payment, by which means they will prevent cost and trouble.

JOHN BOGUE

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Alexandria, and its vicinity, that he has now begun business in Princess Street, near Mr. Hepburn's wharf, where he intends carrying on House and Ship joining, Cabinet making, &c. hoping to meet with encouragement as his abilities shall prove him deserving. Orders thankfully received, and punctually attended to, and returns his grateful thanks to those citizens who have already conferred on him their favours.

N. B. A Journeyman wanted in the above branches. Also a pair of sawyers who understands cutting of mahogany, &c.

Alexandria, July 28, 1795. 3 w. e p.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the public that he has lately set up an EARTHEN-WARE MANUFACTORY, at the southwest corner of Duke and Washington streets, where he has a good assortment of of Ware, now for sale, wholesale and retail, or at the house next door to the corner of King-street, in St. Asaph street. The favor of those who shall give him their custom shall be gratefully acknowledged.

Thomas Fisher.

August 10, 1795.

Notice.

THE business hitherto carried on by the subscriber, will in future be conducted by *John Ferrall & Co.* in the house lately occupied by Mr. Charles O'Neal. He earnestly solicits all those indebted to him, or to the late partnership account of Ferrall and M'Alley, to make immediate payment. JAMES FERRALL.

N. B. He will rent the concerns which he at present occupies.

Alexandria, July 21, 1795.

John Ferrall and Co.

Have for Sale, at their Store in King-street,

IRISH Linens, pillow fustians, thickseets, corduroys, velvets, velveteens, chintzes, calicoes, humhums, India and English muslins; ticklenburgs, osnaburgs and bed tickens; superfine, elastic and forest cloths; satin, Morocco, fluff and leather shoes; buck, kid-skin and silk gloves; beaver and woollen hats; silk, cotton, thread and yarn hose; with a variety of other articles, which they will sell remarkably low, by the quantity or single piece, for Cash or approved Bills.

They have also the following articles to dispose of, viz.

Madeira, Port, Calcavilla, Lisbon, Teneriffe and Fyal } Wines, in pipes and quarter-casks,

Holland Gin in do.

Whisky in hhds. tierces and quarter-casks,

Pepper in barrels,

Liverpool and Alum Salt.

N. B. They daily expect some Loaf and brown Sugars.

JOHN FERRALL

Has imported, in the brig Friendship, from Dublin, via Philadelphia,

IRISH LINENS; fustians; thickseets; velvets, velveteens and corduroys; silk and yarn hose; with a variety of coatings and coarse woollens, which he will sell by the piece or package, on the best possible terms, for Cash or approved Bills.

Alexandria, July 21, 1795.

N. B. The above were purchased by good judges, for heavy guineas, and are now offered, at this market, unincumbered with the additional charges of long credit commission or brokarage.

One Hundred Pounds Reward.

WAS lost last night, between the turnpike and Mr. Rickett's mill a pair of Saddle Bags, with £. 527 in gold and silver, of which I have a bill, two pair of nankeen breeches, four ruffled shirts, three waistcoats, and four pair of stockings. I will give the above reward to any person who may find and deliver the same to me, or to capt. Charles Turner, in Alexandria, or to Mr. J. T. Ricketts, at his mill. ☞ *No questions will be asked.*

HENRY GUNNEL, jun.

N. B. There is among the gold above mentioned, a very remarkable guinea, with a piece out of it, makes a hole about half round, any gentleman receiving such will please to give information, as that guinea can be proved.

July 22, 1795. H. G.

To be Rented,

For the term of seven years,

THE Lot whereon Mr. Andrew Jamieson's dwelling and bake-house lately stood. This lot is 57 feet front and 75 feet deep—its situation so well known that a description is thought unnecessary. For terms apply to B. KIRK.

August 5, 1795.

DANIEL KETCHAM & CO.

HAVE FOR SALE,

At their Brewery and Distillery, formery occupied by A. Morhouse & Co.

BURTON ALE in bottles, per the hamper or doz.
PORTER do. do. do.
STRONG BEER in barrels and halfbarrels.

Alexandria, July 16, 1795.

I wish to contract with some person, for the necessary supplies to be furnished the troops, to be stationed at the garrison here.

V. GRAY.

Alexandria, August 1, 1795.

THE Subscribers to the Alexandria Library are notified, that the first year of the Institution having expired on the 24th ult. there now becomes due, a payment of four dollars on each share.—They are therefore respectfully solicited to make immediate payment to

SAMUEL CRAIG, *Treasurer.*

Alexandria, August 6, 1795.

MUSIC.

JOHN V. THOMAS

HAS just received, and for sale, upwards of five hundred different choice SONGS, set to music, selected with taste from the most celebrated compositions of Dibdin, Hook, Storace, Shield, &c.—also.

Instructions for the Violin,
do. German Flute,
do. Piano-porte or Harpsicord,
Lessons for the Piano-porte or Harpsicord,
Best Roman Violin strings.

Alexandria, July 9, 1795.

N. B. He expects to receive in a few days, a large quantity of Harpsicord music.

THE subscriber has just received an additional supply of GOODS, suitable to the present and approaching seasons, consisting of—

Irish Linens, white and brown;

Irish and Russia sheetings; white and brown dowlasses; osnaburgs; ticklenburgs; striped, cross-bar'd, tambour'd and plain muslins; humhums; cambricks and lawns; muslins handkerchiefs of every description; fashionable chintz and cotton shawls; checks of all kinds; check handkerchiefs; an extensive assortment of calicoes and chintzes; fashionable superfine and second cloths and cassimeres; waistcoat shapes; mourning and dimities; cotton, thread and silk hose; plain and striped nankeens; jeans, fustians, cotton royal-rib and satinet; moreens, durants, tammies, camblets, bombazetts and bombazeens; worsted & silk bindings; an elegant assortment of the most fashionable ribbons; Turkey stripe, taffatas, mantuas, lustrings, pelongs and persians; India and English silk handkerchiefs; ladies' and gentlemens' fashionable hats; blank books; pewter basons, dishes, plates, spoons, tankards, mugs, flasks, porringers and ink-stands; stock locks, iron and brass rim locks, augers, gauges, chisels, plane irons, files, frying pans, pitsaws, flat irons, curry combs, buckles, buttons, nails, trunks, teas, knives and forks, pen and pocket knives, with an extensive quantity of other articels too numerous to mention.

George Hunter.

July 23, 1795.

I Have European GOODS suitable to the present and approaching season, to the amount of two thousand pounds sterling, imported in the Catharine from London, and the Nancy from Liverpool, which I will dispose of at a low advance, and on a liberal credit, for approved Negociable notes.

JONATHAN SWIFT,

A good HORSE wanted.

Alexandria, August 4, 1795

Notice is hereby given,

THAT I intend to petition the next General Assembly, for an act, giving me leave, to build a TOLL BRIDGE, across Occoquan River, from the town of Colchester, to my lands in Prince William County, of the main Post-road, leading from Alexandria to Richmond. THOMAS MASON.

July 3. 1795.

Notice.

AS J. Saul *will leave this state in two or three weeks, he requests all persons indebted to* Hodgson, Nicholson and Co. *to make immediate payment; those having demands against* Hodgson, Nicholson and Co. *or* J. Saul *are requested to call for settlement, at his compting room in Royal street, near the corner of King-street.*

J. SAUL

Will dispose of the following articles, viz.

A handsome four post Mahogany bedstead, with sacking bottom complete; do. do. Sweet Gum tent bedstead complete; a Mahogany dining table, small Walnut breakfast do. a cot; sundry kitchen furniture; a good milch cow; an elegant bellow's top riding chair with harness; a good wheel barrow; a pine toilet table, and a pair of kitchen andirons.

Alexandria, July 25.

A Great Bargain.

ON the 20th of next month the celebrated horse BOXER will go from Mansfield, the seat of *Mann Page*, Esq. to the southward. I now take this method of informing the gentlemen of the turf, that on or before that day, I will dispose of him either for cash or a short credit I shall only observe that Boxer in every respect is equal, if not superior, to any horse in the world. Any gentleman inclinable to purchase may know the terms by applying to the subscriber, near Hanover court house.

RICHARD LITTLEPAGE.

N. B. I will also sell on the same terms the beautiful thorough bred medley horse *Gim Crack.*

July 23, 1795.

The Columbian Mirror
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

Vice Conſul's Office at Alexandria, 23d Thermidore, 3d year of the French Republic, one and indiviſible, (10th *Auguſt*, 1795, O. S.)

To the Citizens PRINTERS, reſiding on the POTOMACK.

TO conform myſelf to the orders received from the Miniſter Plenipotentiary of the French Republic to the United States of America, I beg of you to publiſh in your next paper the two following laws—they will prove to the Citizens of America, the pure intention of the National Convention, and the intereſt which the French people will always take in the proſperity of their good ally.

P. A. CHERUI.

EXTRACT

From the regiſter of the decrees of the committee of public ſafety, finances, commerce and ſupply, of the National Convention.

Brumaire 25, 3d year of the French Republic, one and indiviſible.

The committee of public ſafety, finances, commerce and ſupply, decree what follows:

Art. I. The veſſels of the United States, and thoſe of neutral powers, may freely enter and go out of the port of the French Republic whenever they pleaſe; no conſtituted authority being permitted to retard their departure, or to oblige the captains to ſell their cargoes, without their conſent.

Art. II. When the captains or ſupercargoes of neutral veſſels, think proper to ſell their cargo to the government, they ſhall be paid in the manner agreed on.

Art. III. It is ordered to all commandants of naval armies, diviſions, ſquadrons, fleets or veſſels, to reſpect, or cauſe to be reſpected, under their own guarantee, to the neutrals of the Republic and its allies, the right of nations, and the diſpoſitions of treaties by keeping themſelves within the terms of the decree of the national convention, of the 27th June, 1792, (old Stile.)

Art. IV. Conſequently, they are expreſsly forbidden to diſturb the veſſels in their voyage, to take away from on board the captains, ſailors or paſſengers, except the ſoldiers actually in the ſervice of hoſtile powers, or ſeize any effects or goods that may be found on board.

Art. V. The following articles are excepted in the prohibition, except in the foregoing articles.

All goods belonging to the enemies of the French Republic, until theſe powers may have declared free and not ſeizable, the French merchandize which may be found in neutral bottoms—likewiſe, neutral goods which are termed contraband—arms, naval and warlike impliments of every kind—horſes and furniture, and all kind of effects, goods and merchandiſe, deſtined for any port of the enemy, actually beſieged or blockaded.

Art. VI. All goods ſeized on board neutral veſſels, as belonging to the enemies of the Republic, ſhall be diſcharged without delay, and the days of demurrage ſhall not exceed the number of days expreſſed in the charter party.

Art. VII. The freight of the enemy's merchandize ſhall be paid according to price mentioned either in the bill of lading or charter party, and the captain ſhall be at liberty to employ the amount of it in produce or merchandize, ariſing from the territory or manufactories of the republic; and whoſe exportation may be lawful.

Art. VIII. The captains of the veſſels on board of which there ſhall be found the above mentioned merchandize, ſhall be permitted to depart as ſoon as it is landed.

Art. IX. In caſe that the merchandize ſeized as belonging to the enemy, ſhould be known to belong to neutral powers, and in conſequence declared not to be lawful prize, it ſhall be returned in raw ſtate to the owner, unleſs he prefer to ſell it of his own accord.

Art. X. The commiſſion of marine ſhall immediately lay before the committee of public ſafety, the liſt of ſuch as are born ſubjects to the powers with whom the French Republic is at war, and their claims ſhall be ſettled by particular decrees.

Art. XI. The indemnifications owed to the neutral captains, who have been detained at Bourdeaux, on account of the embargo which was laid on, ſhall be ſettled by the commiſſion of marine, according to what has been enacted by the committee of public ſafety the 7th Germinail, that the commiſſion ſhall within ten days, give an account of the actual ſituation of thoſe claims.

Art. XII. The commiſſion of marine is eſpecially intruſted with the receiving and ſettling of the accounts which ſhall be preſented to them by the agent of the United States, concerning the proviſions with which the Americans have provided the adminiſtrators of St. Domingo; they will take all the neceſſary meaſures to have the moſt prompt juſtice done to thoſe who are concerned; and they ſhall lay before the committee of public ſafety, finances, commerce and ſupply, the reſult of their operations on that point.

Art. XIII. The commiſſioner of marine is charged with cauſing the preſent decree to be publiſhed in all the ports of the Republic.

The commiſſion of exterior relations, will tranſmit them to the agents of the Republic in the neutral or allied governments, with an order of communicating it to them.

An order ſhall be diſpatched to the miniſter plenipotentiary of the United States of America, as an anſwer to the memorial preſented by him, the 27th of laſt Fructidor.

The united members of the ſaid above committees. Signed, Merlin (of Douai) Cambaceres, Carnot, Duport, Thuriot, Breard, J. F. Br Delmas, Leclare, Dyzez, D. V. Ramel, A. Richaud, Charles, Cochon, Moriſſon, Richard, Pelet, Johannot, Thilbault. L. Servierre, J. Poiſſon, Garnie (de la Meuſe) Borel, L. Alard, L. T. Beffroy, Gumery, R. Lindet, Giraud, Scellier et Bretel.

(A True Copy.)

The miniſter plenipotentiary of the French Republic, in the United States.

P. A. ADET.

EXTRACT

From the regiſters of the decree of the committee of public ſafety, of the National Convention.

Nivos 14, 3d year of the French Republic, one and indiviſible.

The committee of public ſafety, conſidering that the 23d article of the treaty of commerce, between France and the United States of America, of the 6th of February, 1778, explicitly relates, that the French and American navigation ſhall be free; and with reſpect to this, no exceptions ſhall be made concerning the owners of merchandize loaded on their veſſels, which port ſoever they may come from, and though the power they are bound to, be now, or ſhould afterwards become the enemy of either contracting nation; that they in the ſame manner may freely navigate with their veſſels and merchandize, and be admitted in the places, ports and harbours, of any power, enemy to both contracting nations or either of them, and moreover, trade from one port to another port of the enemy. 2d. That the free veſſels ſhall likewiſe ſecure the free courſe of merchandize, and every thing that ſhall be found on board of veſſels belonging to the citizens of the two nations, ſhall be judged free, although the whole cargo, or a part of it, would belong to the enemy of both parties (contraband always to be excepted.) 3d. That this liberty ſhall extend itſelf on ſuch perſons as may be found on board of free veſſels, though they be enemy to both contracting nations, and in conſequence of this, thoſe perſons ſhall not be taken away from ſuch veſſels, unleſs they are ſoldiers, and actually employed in the ſervice of the enemy.

Conſidering that the crimes of England have given to the war of deſpotiſm againſt liberty, a character of injuſtice and atrocity, inſtances of which are not to be found in hiſtory. The National Convention thought itſelf bound, by way of reprisals, to decree on May the 9th 1793, that the French ſhips of war and privateers might ſtop and carry into the ports of the French Republic, ſuch neutral veſſels that ſhall be in whole or in part loaded, either with proviſions belonging to neutrals carrying to the ports of the enemy, or merchandiſe belonging to the enemy. But that on the July 1793, the national convention has ſoon haſtened the full re-eſtabliſhment of the above mentioned diſpoſitions of the treaty of Feb. 6, 1778. That it has, to be ſure, been revoked by that of the ſame month, but that it has been ſo only as to what relates to the proviſions and merchandiſe which belong to the hoſtile powers. Thus it remains in all its fullneſs, with reſpect to proviſions and merchandiſe that belong to neutral powers, to whom the French government have not to reproach themſelves for having waited to ſhew their juſtice and loyalty, until the cabinet of London ſhould have revoked, as it did a long time after, the order iſſued the preceding year to ſeize all neutral veſſels carrying proviſions or neutral merchandiſe to France.

Taking into conſideration that, from and notwithſtanding the affection with which that cabinet continue to inſult daily over the laws of nations, and to infringe the neutrality of powers who are not at war, by cauſing the veſſels loaded with merchandize, and going to France to be ſeized; the National Convention by the ſeventeenth article of the law of the 13th inſt. has ordered, to all agents of the Republic, all commanders of the armed force, all civil and military officers, to cauſe the treaties which unite France with the neutral powers of the ancient continent, and with the United States of America, to be reſpected and obſerved. It is enacted by the ſame article, that no alteration ſhall be made to thoſe treaties, and that all diſpoſitions contrary to them ſhall be annulled.

Conſidering it of the utmoſt importance, that this great act of loyalty and juſtice ſhould be known throughout the univerſe, and to ſubvert immediately every pretext that malevolence may employ, either to fruſtrate or retard its effects, or abuſe it to the prejudice of the republic—Decrees.

Art. I. The commiſſion of marine and of the colonies, ſhall notify without delay, to all the commanders of naval armaments, diviſions, ſquadrons, fleets or merchantmen, the article above cited of the law of the 13th of this month, and ſhall inform them conſequently, that they ought to regard as void the diſpoſitions of the fifth article of the decree of the committees of public ſafety, of finances, of commerce and proviſions, of the 25th Brumaire laſt; which authorized the ſeizure of merchandizes, property of enemy powers, till they had declared free, and not liable to ſeizure, French merchandize ſhipped on board of neutral bottoms.

Art. II. Merchandize even neutral, called contraband or prohibited, ſhall continue liable to ſeizure.

Art III. Thoſe compriſed under the name of contraband or prohibited goods, are arms, inſtruments and proviſions of war, whatever they may be, horſes and their harneſs, and all kinds of effects produce or merchandize deſtined to a place belonging to the enemy, actually beſieged, blockaded or inveſted.

Art. IV. The commiſſion of exterior relations, ſhall tranſmit the preſent decree to the agents of the Republic, reſiding either in allied or neutral governments, with orders to communicate them to ſuch government.

Art. V. The preſent decree ſhall be inſerted in the bulletin of the laws.

The members of the committee of public ſafety. Signed Combaceres, Carnot, Prieur, (de la Marne) A. Dumont, J. G. Chazal, Pelet, Marec.

(A true copy.)

The miniſter plenipotentiary of the French Republic in the United States.

P. A. ADET.

The American Captains, and others of neutral powers, will find, in the office of the French Conſul at Alexandria, copies of the above laws, ſealed and certified by the ſaid Conſul, which will be uſeful to them in their navigation. Every perſon who may have been moleſted, in contravention to the above laws, by any French officers, is invited to make complaint to the Vice-Conſul to receive ſatisfaction, and that the refractory be known.

P. A. CHERUI.

By the Preſident
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Commiſſioners appointed by the Preſident of the United States to confer with the citizens in the weſtern counties of Pennſylvania, during the inſurrection which prevailed therein, by their act and agreement bearing date the ſecond day of Sept. laſt, in purſuance of the powers in them veſted, did promiſe and engage that if aſſurances of ſubmiſſion to the laws of the United States ſhould be *bona fide* given by the citizens reſident in the fourth ſurvey of Pennſylvania, in the manner and within the time in their ſaid act and agreement ſpecified a general pardon ſhould be granted on the tenth day of July then next enſuing, of all treaſons and other indictable offences againſt the United States, committed within the ſaid ſurvey before the twenty-fifth day of Auguſt laſt, excluding therefrom, nevertheleſs every perſon who ſhould refuſe or neglect to ſubſcribe ſuch aſſurance and engagement in manner aforeſaid, or who ſhould after ſuch ſubſcription, violate the ſame or wilfully obſtruct or attempt to obſtruct the execution of the act, for raiſing a revenue on diſtilled ſpirits and ſtills, or be aiding or abeting therein.—And whereas I have ſince thought proper to extend the ſaid pardon to all perſons guilty of the ſaid treaſons or miſpriſions of treaſon, or otherwiſe concerned in the late inſurrection within the ſurvey aforeſaid, who have not ſince been indicted or convicted thereof, or of any other offence againſt the United States. Therefore be it hereby known, that I GEORGE WASHINGTON Preſident of the United States, have granted and by theſe preſents do grant a full, free and entire pardon to all perſons, (excepting as is herein after excepted) of all treaſons, miſpriſions of treaſon, and other indictable offences againſt the United States, committed within the fourth ſurvey of Pennſylvania before the ſaid twenty-ſecond day of Auguſt laſt paſt, excepting and excluding therefrom, nevertheleſs every perſon who refuſed or neglected to give and ſubſcribe the ſaid aſſurances in the manner aforeſaid, (or having ſubſcribed, have violated the ſame) and now ſtandeth indicted or convicted of any treaſon, miſpriſion or treaſon, or other offences againſt the ſaid United States; hereby remitting and releaſing unto all perſons, except as before excepted all penalties incurred or ſuppoſed to be incurred for or on account of the premiſes.

IN TESTIMONY whereof, I have hereunto ſet my hand, and cauſed the ſeal of the United States to be affixed this tenth day of July, in the year of our lord, (L. S.) one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-five, and the twentieth year of the independence of the United States.

(Signed) Go. WASHINGTON.

By the Preſident,

EDM: RANDOLPH.

Potomack Shares

MAY be had on a new ſubſcription by application to Jacquilin Ambler and John Hopkins at Richmond; John Fitzgerald and William Hartſhorne, Alexandria; Edward Smith and Rawleigh Colſon, Winchester; Philip B. Key and Wm. Pinckney, Annapolis; Thomas Johnſon and Geo. Murdock, at Frederick-Town; Benjamin Stoddert and Wm. Deakins, jun. at George-Town who will receive ſubſcriptions from any of the preſent ſtockholders, for the firſt 30 days, after opening the books at any of the above places, agreeable to the act for incorporating the ſaid company, paſſed January, 4, 1794, and after that time from any other perſons who may chooſe to ſubſcribe; no ſubſcriptions for leſs than one ſhare to be taken. The ſhares are now raiſed to one hundred and thirty pounds ſterling, each to be paid by inſtallments, as may be ordered by the directors, who have now determined to collect tolls for all articles brought by the river to the Great Falls, the navigation from thence to the upper part of the river being ſo far completed as to juſtify the ſame. it is therefore expected that the capital employed in this fund will be as ſafe and profitable as any in our country.

By order of the Directors.

Wm. HARTSHORNE, Treaſurer.

Auguſt 15, 1795.

NOW in confinement in the gaol of Fairfax County, NEGROES JAMES and SHADRACH—James appears to be between 20 and 25 years of age, has rather a down look when ſpoken to, profeſſes the Catholic perſuaſion; he is about five feet one or two inches high, well made.

Shadrach is 20 or 21 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, of a yellowiſh complexion. He ſays he is the property of William Edwards, of Weſtmoreland County. The owner or owners, if any, are requeſted to come, pay charges and take them away, or they will be diſpoſed of agreeably to law.

C. TURNER, D. S.

July 16, 1795.

ALEXANDRIA, AUGUST 15.

From the ARGUS, &c. printed at Richmond.

At a numerous and respectable meeting of the citizens of Powhatan, at their Courthouse, on Thursday the 21st day of July, 1795, for the purpose of taking into consideration certain proceedings of gentlemen of neighbouring counties, assembled at our Courthouse, on Saturday the 4th instant, in consequence of the troop of horse belonging to the brigade, being ordered to assemble there.

It is represented to us, that on the aforesaid meeting, certain illiberal and unmerrited censures were exhibited, in a public and formal manner, by a man, not of the county, a mere stranger, against certain officers of the federal government, but in a particular and pointed manner against the President of the United States; in order, therefore, to express our dissent and disapprobation, and more over to disclaim all political connection with men of the foregoing description, and to avert that odium that must necessarily result from an acquiescence to such measures—

WE have assembled and RESOLVED—That, in the name of the county, we pointedly and unequivocally disavow such sentiments, in as much as they tend to the destruction of that confidence which every good citizen ought to have in government, and to the alienation of their affections for the officers thereof, who, particularly the President, will continue to share our warmest affections, so long as the prosperous situation of government, evinces the wisdom of their deliberations.

That, every attempt to alienate the affections of the people from the officers of government, is an open violation of good order, and cannot be justified by any, whose situation or circumstances in life, would make it their interest to prefer order and government to anarchy and confusion.

That, we cannot help expressing our astonishment at the want of delicacy in gentlemen attempting to sow the seeds of anarchy in a country where they are not inhabitants, among people too, who are remarkable for their attachment to order and good government, as for their abhorrence to every measure calculated for its destruction.

That, the spirit for disorganization, which at present so strongly features the turbulent, has united, and deserves the united approbation of all good patriots.

That, the President, though neither unerring in his judgment or omnipotent in his execution; for his firmness, virtue, and wisdom, which calculate him for the meridian of Republic—deserves our esteem, regard, and warmest applause, and whilst we disdain to adore him as a Deity, with equal reluctance would withhold his tribute, and wish to cannonize him as the father of his country.

That, it is the firm and unbiassed opinion of this assembly, that the President never has, by mal-administration, or mis-rule in governments incurred a forfeiture of the esteem and affections of his fellow-citizens; but, on the contrary, that his public and private life are both superior to stricture.

That, it is the sense of this meeting, that the character of the President, cannot be aided by eulogies, but only requires for its support investigation.

On a motion being made and seconded,

RESOLVED, That the proceedings of this day be published.

BRETT RANDOLPH, Chairman.
JOSIAH SMITH. Secretary.

A writer against the Treaty, offers the following as self-evident propositions:—

1. The *disposition of Great Britain*, manifested by the order of the 6th of November, 1793, by the speech of Lord Dorchester to the Indians, and by the repeated invasions made under General Simcoe's authority, upon our territory, *is naturally hostile to the United States.*

2. Even if the United States could by any means sooth and convert that disposition into amity and peace, *the projected treaty is too high a price to pay for such a change.*

3. The refusal to enter into the projected treaty with Great-Britain, is *not a just cause of war*, and if a *pretence*, only, is wanting, it may be found in the toasts at our festivals, as well as in the acts of our government.

4. But the ratification of the treaty will assuredly give umbrage to *another nation*—to an ancient ally.

5. If war is inevitable *either with Great Britain or with France*, it would be more politic for the states, more congenial to the sentiments of the people to engage the former, than the latter, power.

6. In case of war with Great Britain, we have assurance, *that France will aid us with all the energy of her triumphat arms.*

7. In case of a war with France, we ought not to count upon *the affections*, and we cannot rely upon the power of Great-Britain, to befriend us.

THE Subscriber with gratitude thanks the citizens of Alexandria, and his country friends particularly for their great encouragement to him since his residence in this town; and now informs them he has lately removed to a house on Prince Street, nearly opposite where he formerly lived, near the wharf; where he still continues posting and arranging accounts of any long standing or confused states, as usual, on easy terms.—Punctuality and dispatch is his study, wherein his former employers can vouch for the same.

WILLIAM HOYE.

Alexandria, 15th August, '95.

N, B. He has on hand one hundred Double and Single Matrasses, with a number of other articles which will be sold low for Cash.

By last night's Post.

PHILADELPHIA, AUG 11.

Late last evening a gentleman just arrived from Newport, called on the editor and removed all doubts relative to dispatches from Mr. Munroe to Mr. Randolph, having fallen into the hands of the British and having been opened by them. The circumstances are as follows:

The dispatches were on board an American vessel that fell in with the British ship Argonaut, the captain of which took her and sent her to Halifax, having opened the dispatches and sent a copy of them by her. The Argonaut afterwards put the originals on board a vessel bound to the same place; and in the care of a British officer named Apthorp. This vessel was taken by the French privateer Coquette and sent into Newport. There our informant saw the open dispatches in the hands of Mr. Gardner, who said he had read them, and mentioned some important parts of a very lengthy letter from Mr. Munroe.

Mr. Munroe writes, that the treaty with Britain had come indirectly to the knowledge of the French government, who were much dissatisfied with it. The committee of public safety called on him for further information, which he owned he could not give, telling them he had nothing to do with it, that it was an operation of his government out of his province, for which he could not therefore be accountable. He mentions his situation to have been altered materially in consequence of the jealousy the treaty had created.

The packet contained also a letter from our consul at Bourdeaux, nearly to the same purport as Mr. Munroe's.

This information is important as it exhibits another trait of the friendly regard of the British forms, and also as it gives an insight into the disposition produced in France by our proposed treaty with Britain.

TREATY WITH ALGIERS.

By the arrival of capt. Pierce, from Jamaica at Newbury port, we learn, that he spoke with Capt. Butler, 60 days from Madeira, bound to Philadelphia, and who informed him, that a treaty was positively concluded between the Dey of Algiers and America—and that he had seen official letters from Mr. Church, containing the same. [Boston Paper.]

The American brig ——, Capt. Davis, from Guernsey, bound to Virginia, Saturday week, struck on Chincoteague shoals, which obliged the captain to cut away her foremast; she afterwards beat over the shoal, and got safe into the inlet.

FOR SALE,
Low for Cash, or Notes at Thirty Days,
A Quantity of excellent Oporto
Wine, in pipes and half pipes,
Russia Sheetings,
Russia and Ravens Duck,
Nankeens,
20 boxes 6 by 8 & 7 by 9 Window Glass,
Mould and Dipt Candles.
Also daily expected to arrive here,
20 000 lbs. Green Coffee, entitled to the drawback,
284 Casks Lime,
20 Boxes 8 by 10 Window Glass,
10 do. first quality Chocolate,
10d. flat point Nails—and about
20 m. Inch Boards.—Apply to
JOHN H. BELCHER.

August 14, 1795.

Alexandria, August 14th 1795.

TO be sold on Saturday the 5th day of September next, at public auction, for ready money, at the late dwelling house of Dr. William Ramsay deceased, one Mahogany Billiard Table, an elegant Desk and Book Case, with other Mahogany Furniture, Feather Beds, Bed Cloathes and Bedsteads and other Household Furniture too tedious to mention—by

JOHN STEWART.

A NEGRO WENCH.

WANTED to purchase one, from the age of fifteen to twenty years. A good price will be given; therefore a just character for sobriety and honesty is expected. A Girl from the country would be preferred. Enquire of the Printer.

Alexandria, 15th August, 1795.

HOUSES TO RENT
For a term of Years.

THAT handsome and convenient three-story Brick House, now in the tenure of John Potts, Esq. situated on the corner of King and Pitt Streets, with a good stable and carriage-house, under one roof, and other necessary out houses thereto belonging. Mr. Potts expects to move out of it pretty early in the Fall, and, upon his leaving it, possession will be given, except the store and compting-room, which cannot be had till the 12th day of June next.

Also, on the same lot, a convenient framed Dwelling-House, well calculated to accommodate a small family, and a framed Warehouse. Possession of these will be given the 28th day of September next.

JOHN DUNDAS,

Who has Lots in different situations in the Town to let on ground-rent forever.

Alexandria, July 3, 1795. w. 6 e. o.

An Apprentice wanted. Apply at the printing-office.

Education.

A Gentleman who has assisted in eminent Academies & with singular credit, would attend private families or Schools in this neighbourhood, and teach Writing after the most approved and expeditious methods; also Accounts. His design is to unite those branches which are of the most essential use in the ordinary affairs of life, with those which directly tend to improve the mind* and which he will exert himself to perform in as short a time as possible.—To grown up Ladies and Gentlemen, ambitious of more than common place knowledge, he would render the study of the Belles Lettres, Geography, Elements of Astronomy, Natural Philosophy, &c. rather a recreation than a lesson. He is peculiarly qualified to direct the study of English, to form the Taste and improve the Judgment, to correct vicious pronunciation, dull Monotony, false Accent, or improper emphasis.

* His plan of education has received the approbation of the learned.

☞ Commands in writing left for F. N. B. with the printer hereof, shall be duly attended to.

Alexandria, July 27. 1795.

TO BE RENTED,

A Store, Counting-Room and two good Cellars in the house occupied at present by Mr. John Gill, and the whole or part of the red Warehouse on the corner of King and Water Streets. Apply to

ALLISON & YOUNGS.

Alexandria, June 29, 1795.

Fairfax County, ss.

June Court, 1795.

Andrew and William Ramsay, Complainants,
AGAINST
Joseph Douglass, administrator of the estate of John Smoot, deceased, & Wm. Wilson & Co. and M'Iver & Kenzie, Defendants. } In Chancery.

THE defendant, Joseph Douglass, not having entered his appearance agreeable to law and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that he is not an inhabitant of this country, on motion of the said complainants by their counsel, it is decreed and ordered, that the said defendants do appear here on the first day of August court next, to answer the bill of the complainants, and the defendants William Wilson and company and M'Iver and K'Kenzie do not pay, convey away or secret any debt by them or either of them owing to, or effects in the hands belonging to the said defendant, as administrator of the said John Smoot, deceased, until the further order or decree of this court, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the newspaper printed at Alexandria, for two months successively, and published at the front door of the court-house of the said county.

A copy, teste, —— P. WAGGENER, c. c.

Fairfax County, ss.

CHARLES ALEXANDER, gent. one of the Commonwealth's Justices of the Peace of the said county, to all sheriffs, mayors, bailiffs, constables and head boroughs, within this commonwealth:—Whereas complaint is this day made to me, upon the oath of Charles Turner, that *John Welmouth Roberts*, who was lately committed to the gaol of the said county of Fairfax by the warrant of John Dundas, esq. mayor of the town of Alexandria, on suspicion of felony, did, on the night of the 15th inst. forcibly escape from the said gaol, and is now going at large; these are therefore in the name of this commonwealth to require you, and every of you, in your respective counties, towns, and precincts to make diligent search by way of hue and cry, for the said John Welmouth Roberts, and him having found, to seize and retake, and safely convey, or cause him to be safely conveyed, to the gaol of the said county of Fairfax, there to be kept until discharged by due course of law. Given under my hand and seal this 16th day of July, 1795.

CHARLES ALEXANDER.

BY virtue of the powers vested in us, by an act of the General Assembly of the state of Maryland, entitled an act for erecting a bridge over Potomack River—We do hereby give notice that a meeting of the subscribers to the *George-Town Bridge Company* is requested at the house of Mrs. Suter in George-Town, on the second Tuesday in September next, in order to elect three directors for managing all the concerns of the said Company, for the present year.

URIAH FORREST,
JAMES M. LINGAN,
WM. DEAKINS, jun.

George-Town, Potomack, July 22, 1795.

☞ The members of the ST. ANDREW'S Society, are informed that a stated quarterly meeting, will be held at Mr. WISE'S Tavern, on Saturday evening the 15th instant, at 7 o'clock, P. M.

By order of the President,

JAMES MILLER, Secretary.

Alexandria, March 8, 1795.

FOR SALE,

A valuable Tract of Land lying on the main road from Alexandria to the Great Falls, and about 6 miles from George town; a great proportion is fine meadow land, abounding with good springs; the title, papers, and plat may be seen by application to the subscriber, by whom a good and sufficient deed will be made.

BALDWIN DADE.

Lochabor, July 23, 1795.

Port's Corner.

SONG——Tune, YANKY DOODLE

BROTHER Jonathan, what're you 'bout,
What the nation ails you?
Why with *Treaty* make such *rout!*
'Vow your reason fails, *you:*

CHORUS.

Yanky doodle, keep it up?
Yanky doodle dandy,
Sure *you've* had a *pow'rful* cup,
'Lasses mix'd with brandy.

You, if Treaty is not right,
Georgy will not sign it;
'Til't has teeth, it cannot bite,
To him then resign it.

Yanky, &c.

G——lle, he's a sl—nking *hound*,
So is sh—poke P—tt, *you*
Crowing dunghills, I'll be *bound*,
Bragging Jay has bit *you:*

Yanky, &c.

George, tho' at the *riggling pole*,*
Keeps the vessel right, *you*,
Treats till *merchants* are made whole,
Tipping *Yanky bite* you:

Yanky, &c.

Treaties, they are solemn things,
Deacon Ziba told us,
But if broken once by kings,
Broke, how can they hold us!

Yanky, &c.

Treaties Britain ne'er made yet
But she'd cut and slice them;
Sloops of seventy mayn't fit,
Yankies *then*, can splice them.

Yanky, &c.

Mind your bread and butter, *you*,
Quit this *tarnal mouthing?*
France is rising full to view,
Britain's *Hag* is *southing*.

Yanky, &c.

Let's treat on then, get *our* cash,
Get the Western Posts *too*,
When her fleet is gone to *smash*,
Tickle up her hosts, *you*.

Yanky, &c.

* *The helm of a vessel.*

For Sale.

LOAF and lump SUGAR by the hhd. or barrel,
Muscovado SUGAR by the hhd. or barrel,
Imperial and young Hyson TEAS by the chest or smaller quantity,
Jamaica and Antigua Rum by the hhd. or barrel,
Old Cogniac Brandy by the barrel or gallon,
Sherry, Lisbon and Malaga Wines in quarter casks,
Claret in cases of 2½ doz. each,
Bottled Porter by the barrel of 3 doz. each,
Molasses by the hhd. or barrel.
Glass ware assorted in barrels,
10 by 8 Window Glass,
Fig blue by the cag,
8d. 12d. and 20d. nails,
Leiper's Snuff in bottles,
Dutch Linens, &c.

Robert Allison.

Alexandria, July 30. t. f.

Copper and Tin Manufactry

JOHN BEALE

INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has removed from the town of Lynchburg to this place in a house in King-street, two doors above M'Knight' tavern, where he intends to carry on his business in a ts various branches, such as making and mending all kind of gold, silver, copper and tin work. He likewise tin old copper tea kettles, sauce-pans, &c. &c.

Articles in the above branches of his business, may be had either by wholesale or retail, and those who buy to sell again, will find it to their advantage to deal with him.

All kinds of plated work done on the shortest notice, in the best manner, and warranted, such as bridle bits stirrup irons, buckles, tips and saddle bosses, made in the newest fashions; mill brands cut, either in copper or iron, China mended, and all kinds of bell metal, such as clock bells, ear bells for horses, and skillets; the bells he warrants to ring as well as ever they did.

MILL INKS

Made at the above shop, and at a moderate price The above articles will be done in a masterly manner.

☞ Also Clocks, Watches and Mathematical Instruments made and repaired in an elegant manner.

☞ He has on hand and now offers for sale, at a moderate price, at the above house, sundry articles of gold, silver, jewellery, copper, tin, and plate work, gilt watch chains, seals, keys, lockets, and breast pins.

The highest price given for old gold, silver, copper brass, pewter or lead.

Alexandria, January 22, 1795.

15,000lb. of Bacon, prime quality for Sale by

ARCHIBALD DOBBIN.

Alexandria, June 24, 1795.

SPRING GOODS.

Joseph Riddle & Co.

HAVE received by the ship Two Sisters, Captain ISAAC HILTON, from London—one hundred and eighty-two packages of well chosen seasonable Goods, which they offer for sale by the package or smaller quantity

Also—London bottled PORTER in casks and hampers of 6 and 6½ dozen each.

Alexandria, June 5, 1795.

JOHN MANDEVILLE,

HAS RECEIVED,
AND
NOW OPEN FOR SALE,

IRISH Linen ¼, ⅞ and 4-4 by the box or piece,
Russia do. by the bale or piece,
German do. do.
Silk and Cotton Hose,
Mens' Caps and Gloves,
Womens' Silk Lamb and Kid Gloves, and Mits,
Threads white and coloured,
Old Womens' Thread, bleached and unbleached,
Jeans, Pillows, Ribdelures, Fustians, Thicksets, &c.
Nankeens dyed striped and white,
Plain and twilled Dimities,
Marseilles Quilting, &c.
Silk and Satin Sashes, Ribbons, Mode, Vellum, China and Persian,
Tiffanies and Cypress, Modes, Pelangs, Lutestrings, &c.
Florentines, Bombazeens, and Crapes,
Tapes, Bindings, Fillets, Galloons,
Diaper Table cloths, and Counterpanes,
White and printed pocket Handkerchiefs,
French Cotton,
Calicoes and Muslins, white and printed,
Bed lace, Line, Tossels, Fring, &c. &c.
Apron Checks and Check Handkerchiefs,
Superfine Broad Cloths and Cassimers, from 5s. to 7s6 and 9s.
Ticking, German and British Ofnabrigs,
Casks of assorted Pewter,
Silk & Hair Twists, Sewings, &c.
Pins loose and in papers,
Buttons gilt and plain, &c.
Darning, Cambrick, and white Chapel Needles,
Muslins a great variety,
Gauzes,
Umbrellas,
With a variety of Upholstry, Haberdashery, &c.

London bottled Porter in Casks.

Alexandria, June 8, 1795. t. f.

City of Washington, July 8, 1795.

Commissioner's Office.

NOTICE is hereby given, that after the expiration of three months, from the publication of this advertisement, in the Baltimore Telegraphe, Maryland Herald- George Town and Alexandria papers, the Board of Commissioners will proceed to divide all the property in the city not yet divided, unless the proprietors of such property still remaining to be divided, give due attendance on being informed such division is about to be made.

By Order.

3m. T. JOHNSON, jun. sec.

W. J. HALL

HAS received per the Snow Commerce, from Liverpool, a neat assortment of Spring Goods, which will be sold by the piece or package, on reasonable terms at his store on Prince street:

Also on hand,
A quanty of nails per the cask,
Corks by the bag,
Broad and narrow Hoes,
Hats by the box,
Nankeens, Sad Irons, Anvils, Sickles and Sythes.

Alexandria, May 18, 1795, (t. f.)

Richards & Edmonds,

Have for sale at their Ware-house on Col. Ramsay' Wharf.

100 crates of Queen's ware elegantly assorted,
Muscovado Sugar in Hhds. and barrels,
Molasses in hogsheads,
Madeira Wine in Pipes,
Port Wine in quarter-casks,
Pearl Barley in bags,
Raisons of a superior quality in casks,
Castile and Brown Soap in boxes,
Spermaceti candles in boxes,
Brimstone and Tar in barrels,
Also a quantity of Turk's Island SALT, and a considerable quantity of excellent Spanish Segars.

Alexandria, July 4, 1795. (t. f.)

Notice

Is hereby given that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly, for the Incorporation of a Company for the purpose of making a turnpike road from the town of Alexandria, to Little River, in the county of Loudoun, where the present turnpike road crosses the same. July 30, 1795. 2m.

ROBERT HAMILTON,

HAS FOR SALE

MADEIRA, Port, Calcacella and Lisbon wines, Pipes, Hogsheads and quarter casks.
Lump Sugar in barrels,
Double Glouceser Cheese,
Pork of prime quality,
St. Ubes Salt,
Shingles, Seine Cork,
A choise percel of Spanish Hides,
Tar, Turpentine, &c. &c.

Wanted to hire by the year a Negro Wench house-work, and to assist in cooking.

Alexandria, May 5, 1795.

Alexandria and Charleston PACKET.

PACKETS are evidently calculated and deservedly considered to be of special and of extensive utility to the commerce of a free and industrious people.—Influenced by an ardent wish, therefore, to accomplish so interesting and desirable an object—to conduce in any degree to the reciprocal advantage of the public—the subscribers have, at no small pains, selected a neat Schooner, called the TWO SISTERS, of about 50 tons burthen, for the purpose of establishing her as a Packet from this port to Charleston. Having a pleasant and commodious cabin for the accommodation of passengers; the subscribers flatter themselves they may not fail to insure universal satisfaction.

Matthew F. Bowne & Co.

Matthew Franklin Bowne & Co.

HAVING the honour of being appointed Auctioneers for the City of Alexandria, and having entered ample security for the faithful performance of said trust, they beg leave to inform their Friends, and the Public in general, that they have provided a large and convenient Warehouse, in Union-Street, adjoining *Harper's* Wharf, (entirely detached from their other commercial concerns) where they are ready to receive and store, either for private or public sale,

All Kinds of

European & West-India Goods, Household Furniture, &c.

N. B. Cash advanced, if required, previous to any Sales. March 28, 1795.

For Sale, at Harper's Wharf,

25 puncheons Jamaica Spirits
10 do. Antigua
20 hhds. Molasses
10 do. Muscovado Sugars
10 boxes East-India do.
3 pipes Brandy
100 Cases American Geneva
5 Pipes Holland do.
260 dozen first quality London Porter
10 chests Bohea Tea
15 do. Hyson and Souchong Tea
5000 lbs. northward Cheese
3000 do. English do.
8500 bushels coarse and fine Salt
50 barrels Pork
20 barrels of Beef
10 tons Bar Iron
10 Casks of Nails
1 ton of Pig Lead
50 boxes Window Glass assorted
20 pieces Russia Duck
50 do. Osnaburgs

With a large and general assortment of Groceries and Dry Goods, wholesale and retail.

As we are determined to sell the above articles on the very lowest terms for cash or country produce, and have established a Geneva Distillery at Gum-Spring, in Loudoun County, those of our country customers who live contiguous to that manufactory may be supplied there with all kinds of Dry Goods and Groceries, where the highest price will be given for *Wheat, Rye, Barley, Indian Corn, Buckwheat* and *Whiskey*, and any drafts drawn there by our agent, *Vincent Davis*, will be duly honored by

MATTHEW FRANKLIN BOWNE & CO

Alexandria, Feb. 24, 1795.

Real Estate for Sale.

A Three-story Brick House, in King-street, next below the store of Ricketts and Newton, now in tenure of Fosters and May—This is a good stand for business, and has been occupied as a store for several years—A Lot of 20 feet front and 60 deep, joining William Bushby's house, on Duke-street—A House and Lot on Fairfax-street, now in tenure of Joseph Coleman, joining John Yost, Blacksmith, and Harper and Davis's Board-Yard—About 50 acres of Land, near this Town, part lying on the river, and joining the plantation of Baldwin Dade—Twelve Thousand Acres of Land, in Harrison County, Virginia, on the waters of Hughs's River, or the North Branch of Little Kenhawa.—This land is said to be of an extraordinery good quality, and well watered—It may be had partly for ready money, part on time, or exchanged for lots in this Town. Further particulars may be known by applying to the subscriber.

WM. HARTSHORNE.

Alexandria, 6th mo. 29, 1795.